Xaptiq
Find your X

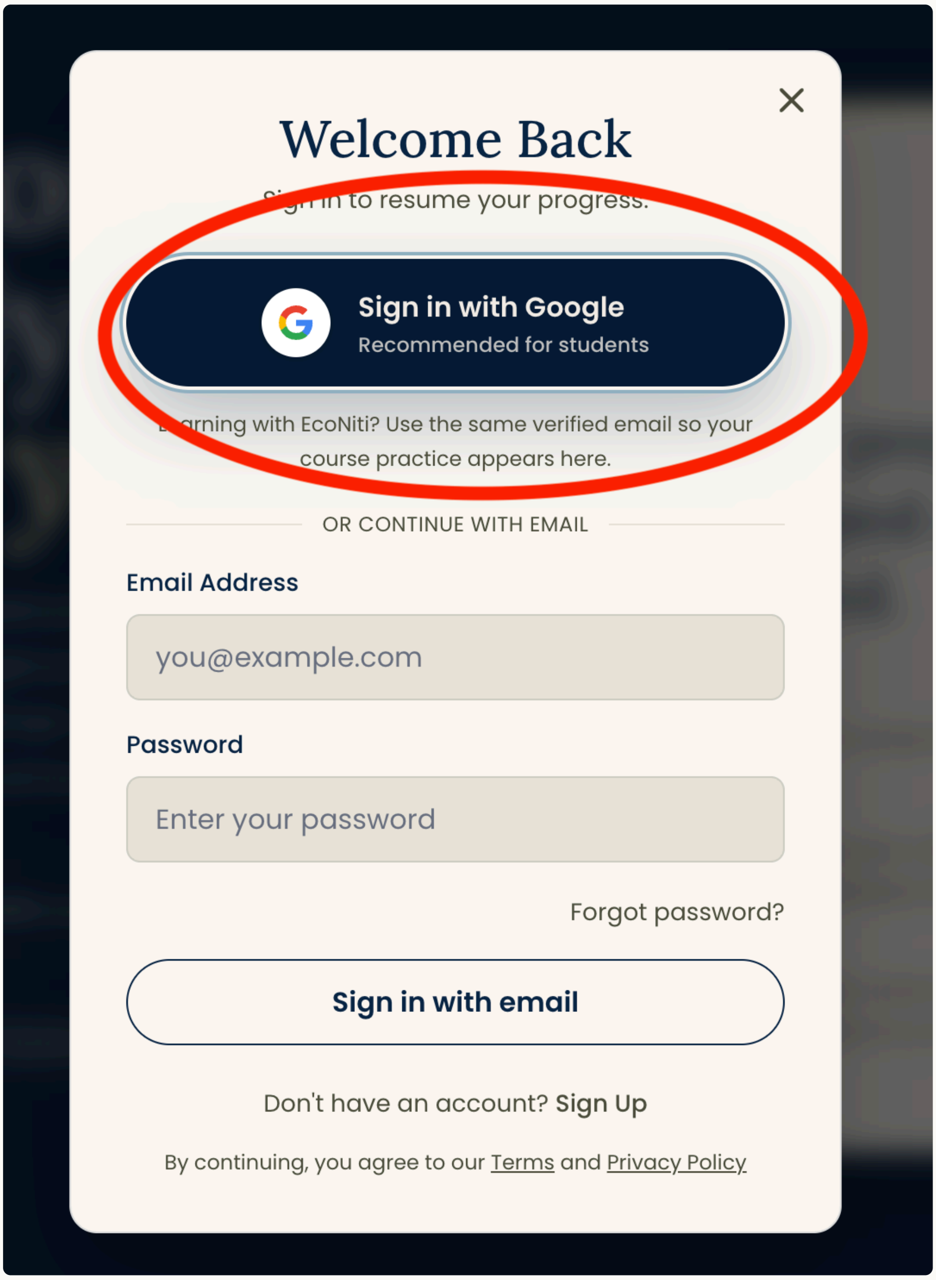
Start here.
Six steps.

Setting up your Xaptiq Adaptive Test Series — from enrolment to your first planned test.

Screens shown are from the UGC NET Economics test series. The steps are the same for every Xaptiq adaptive test series.

1 Enrol and sign in

Enrol in the test series, then sign in with Google using the **same email ID you gave at the time of enrolment**.

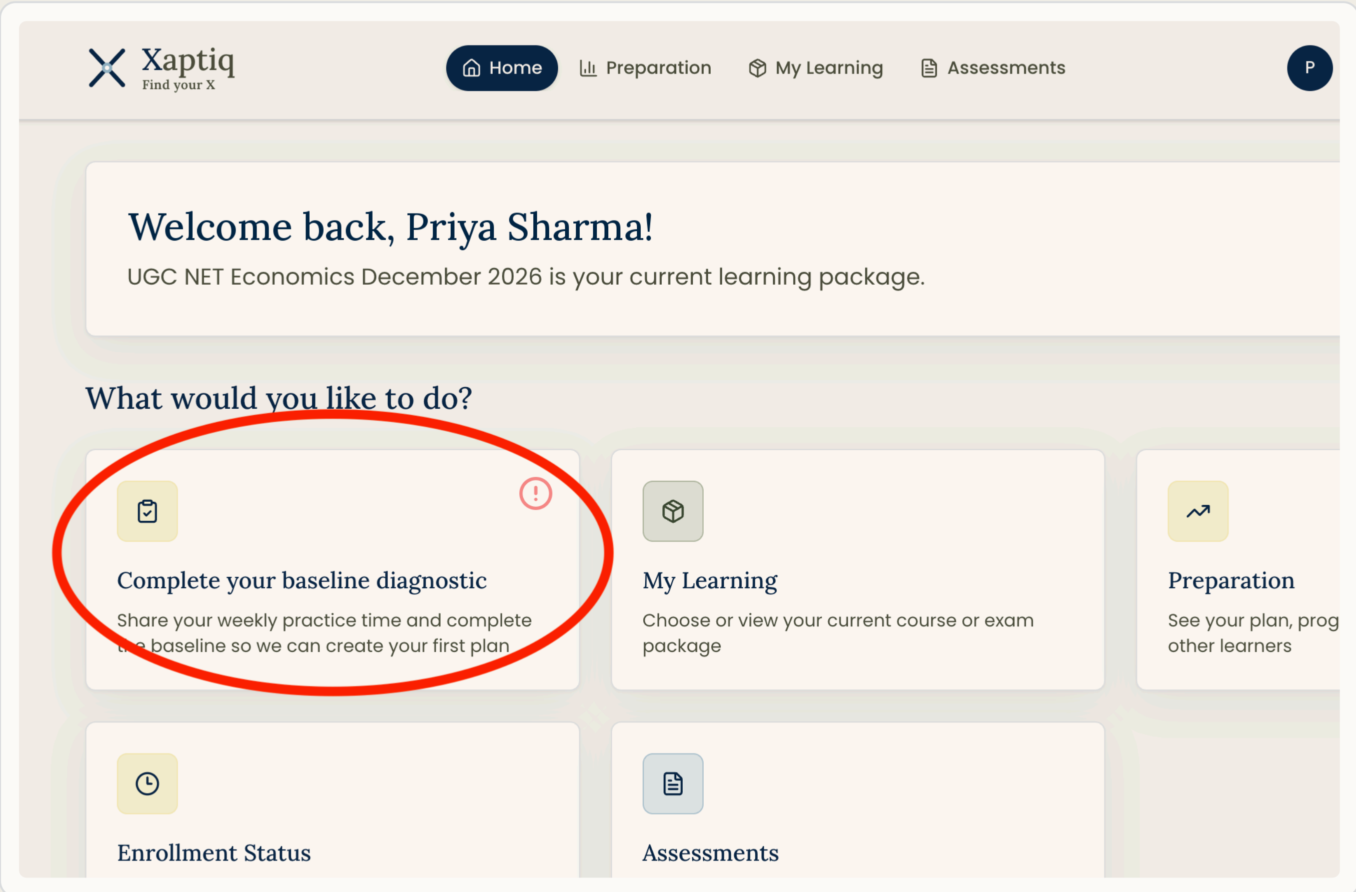


Sign-in screen. Use the Google button at the top.

> **IF SOMETHING LOOKS MISSING**
>
> Signed in but cannot see your test series? You have used a different email. Sign out and sign in again with your enrolment email.

2 Set your study time

On the home page, open **Complete your baseline diagnostic**. Its first step is to tell us how much time you can give for practice every day.



Home page. Start from this card.

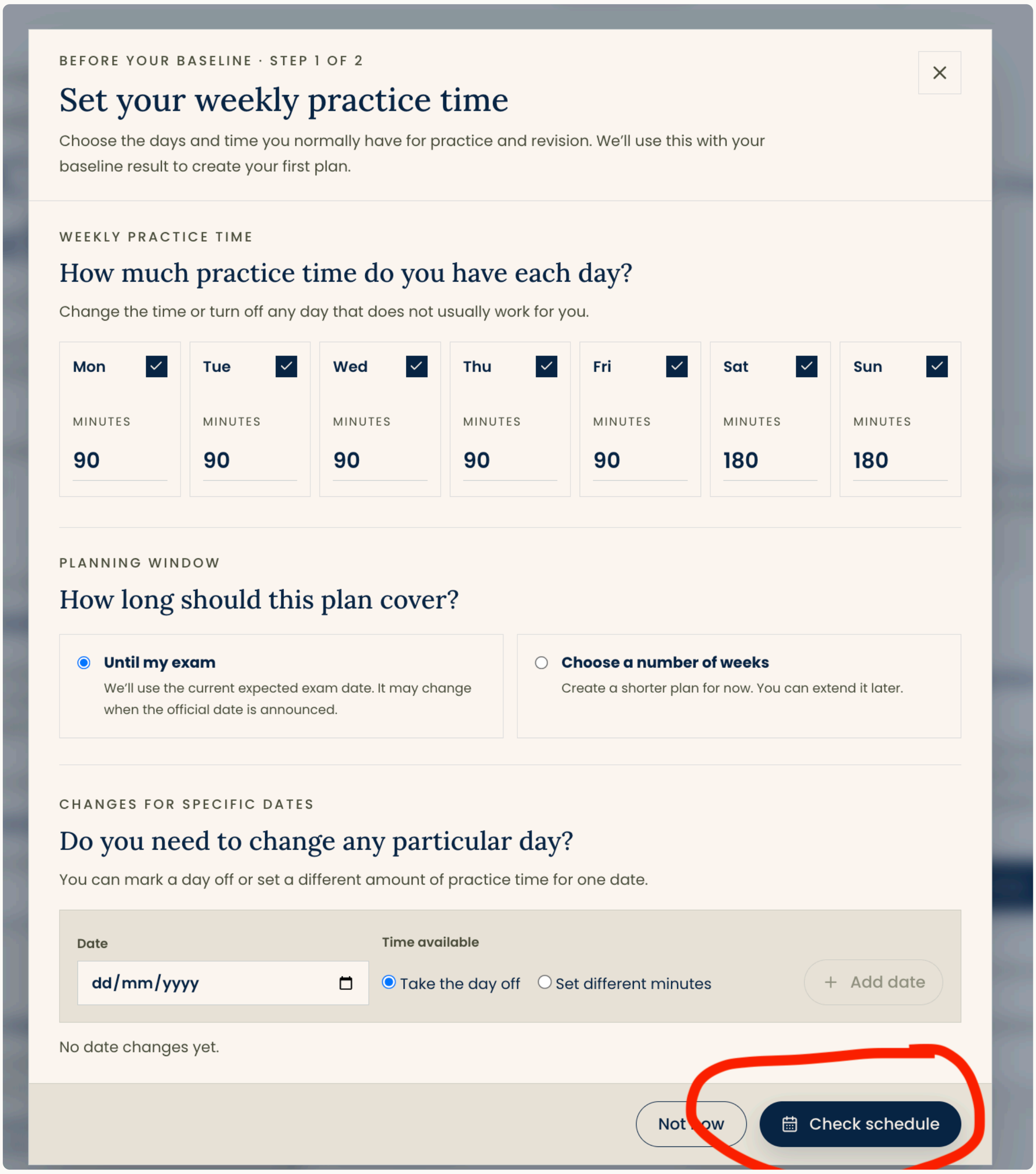
WHY THIS MATTERS

Steps 2 and 3 decide everything that follows. The plan is only as realistic as the time you put in.

STEP 2 · CONTINUED

Put in your real time

- Put the time you **will really give**, not the time you wish you could give.
- If you already know some days you will be busy — travel, exam, family function — mark them as off days.

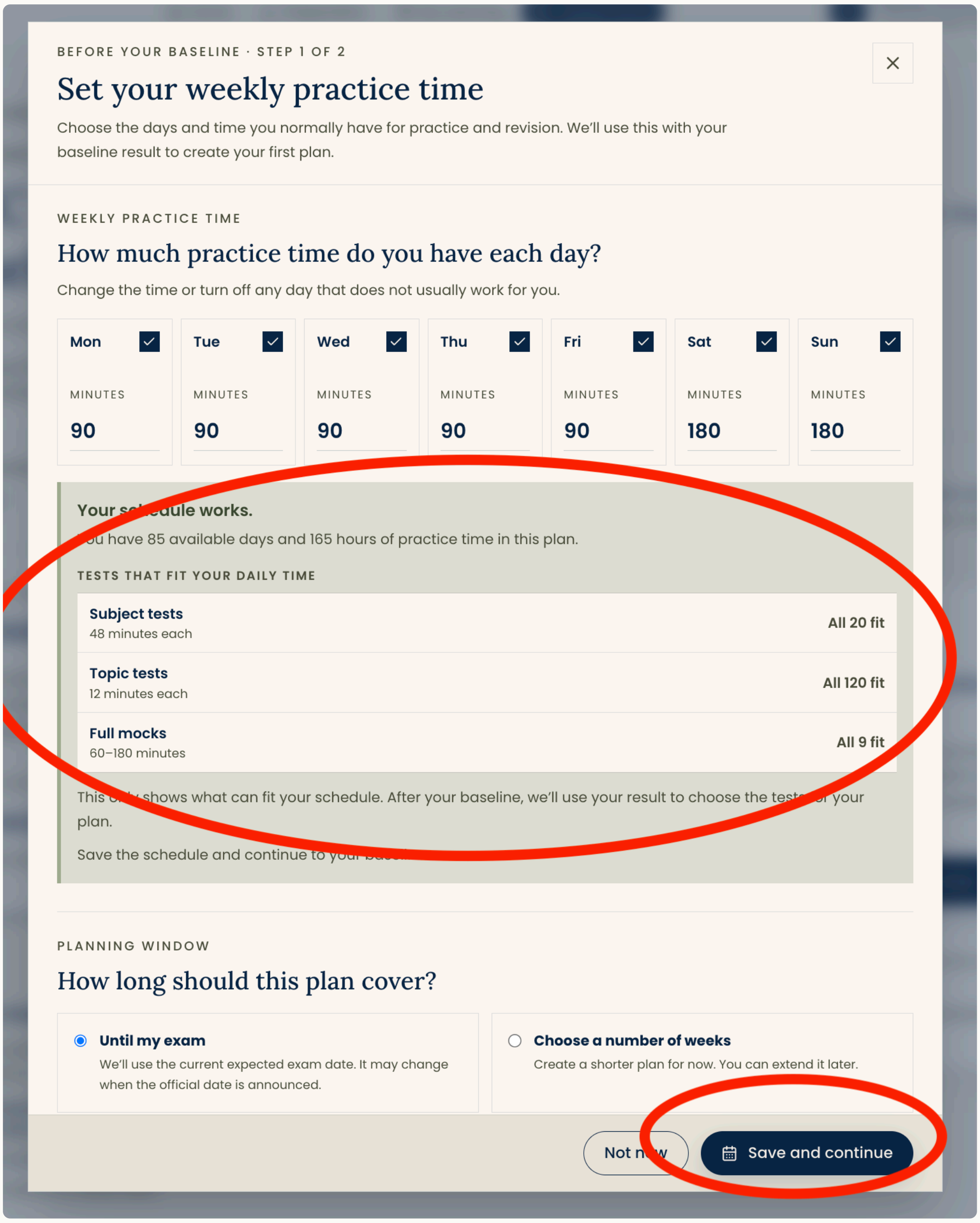


Weekly practice time. Minutes per day, how long the plan should cover, and any specific dates you will be away.

3 Check if your time is enough

Now check if all your tests can fit into the time you gave.

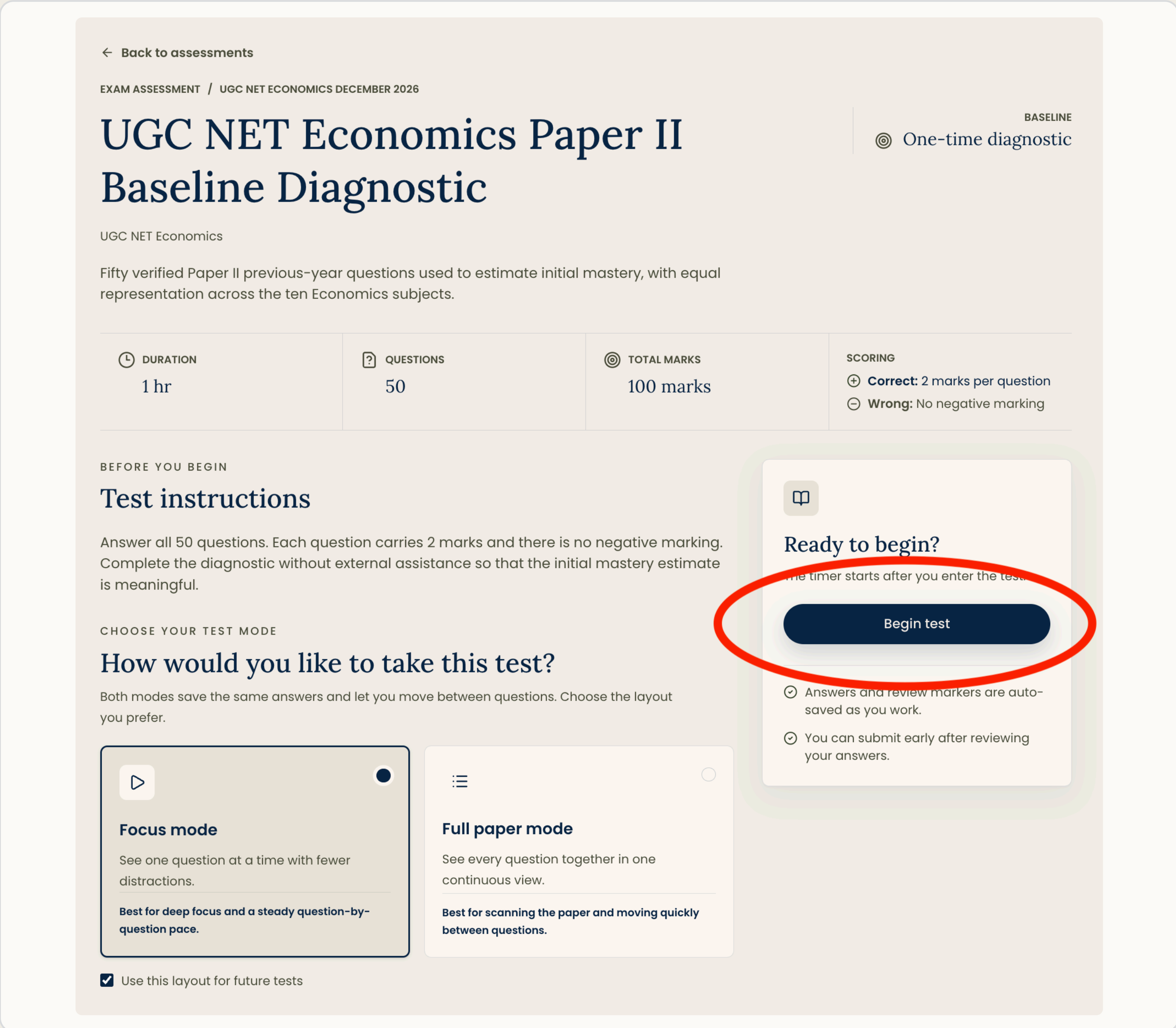
- Mock tests are long, so they need a bigger slot.
- If your time is not enough, the app will tell you how much more time to add. Increase it as shown.



Schedule check. Here everything fits. Press **Save and continue**.

4 Start your baseline test

Once your schedule fits, start the baseline test. This test is only to find out what you already know. **Don't worry about the score.**



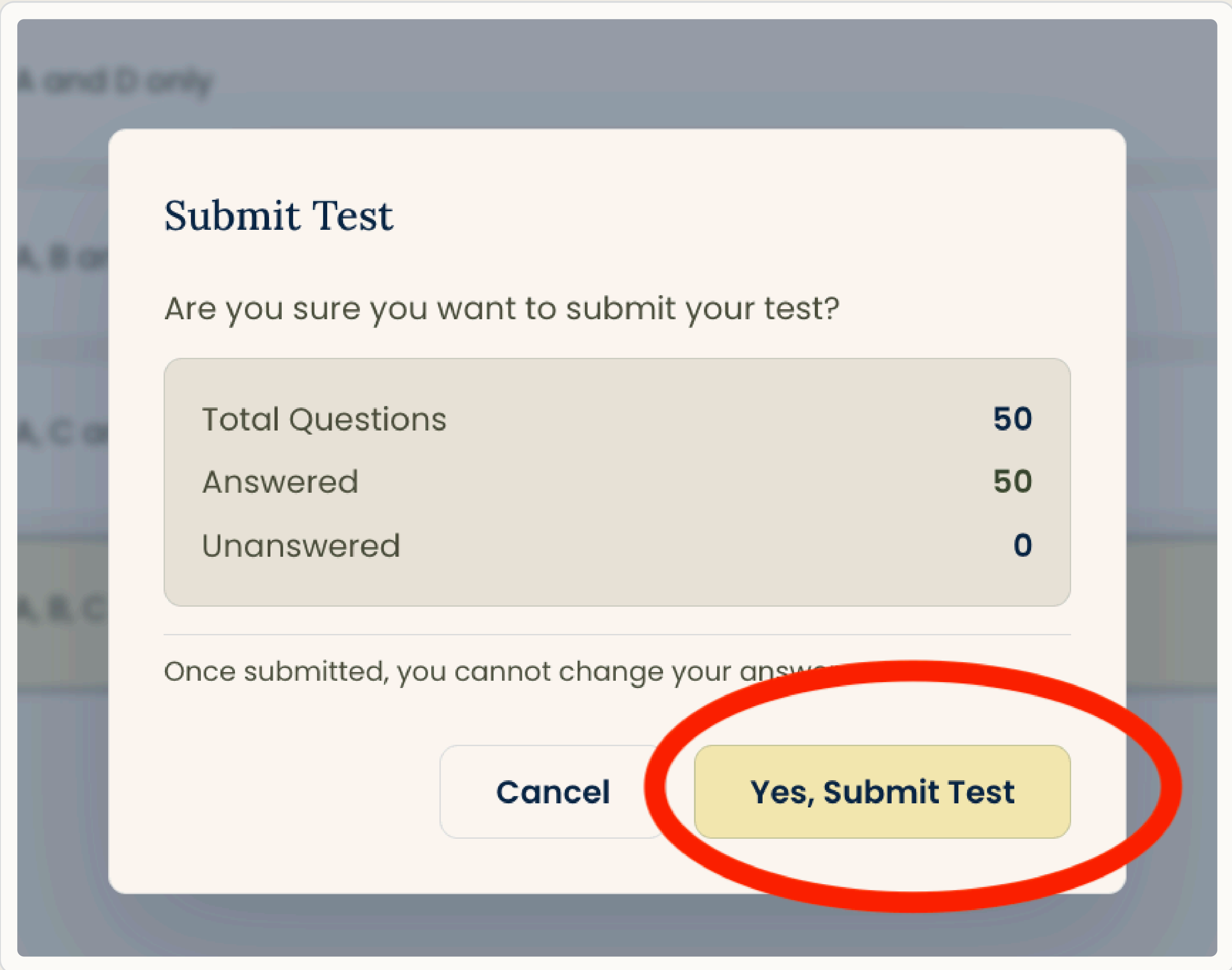
Baseline diagnostic. 50 questions, one hour, no negative marking.

> **A LOW SCORE IS NOT A PROBLEM**
>
> It is a starting measurement, not a verdict. The lower it is, the more Xaptiq has to work with when building your plan.

STEP 4 · CONTINUED

Submit when you finish

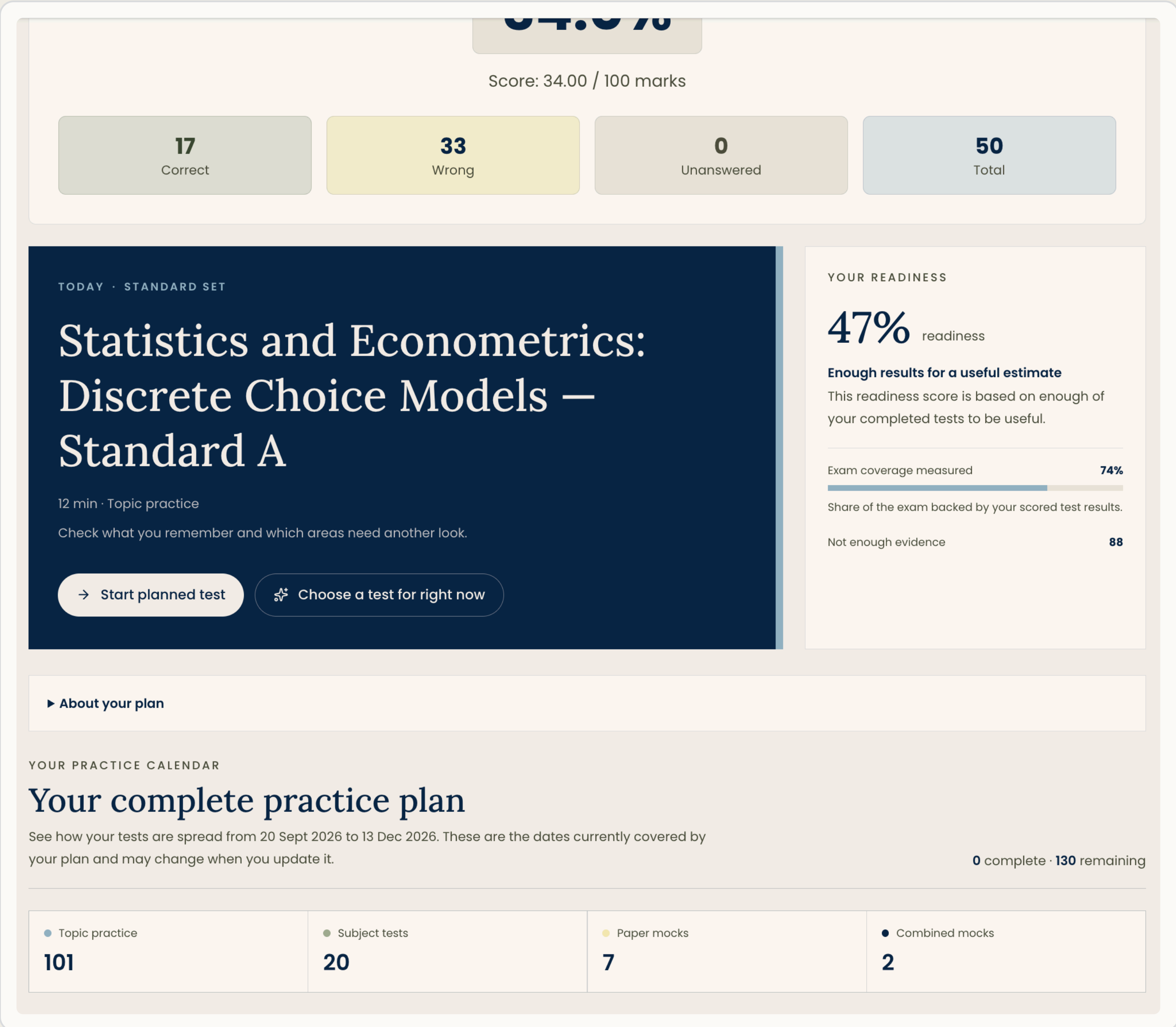
Your answers will be evaluated immediately.



Submit test. Check the answered count, then confirm.

5 Get your plan

Your baseline test result and your schedule are used to make a study plan just for you.



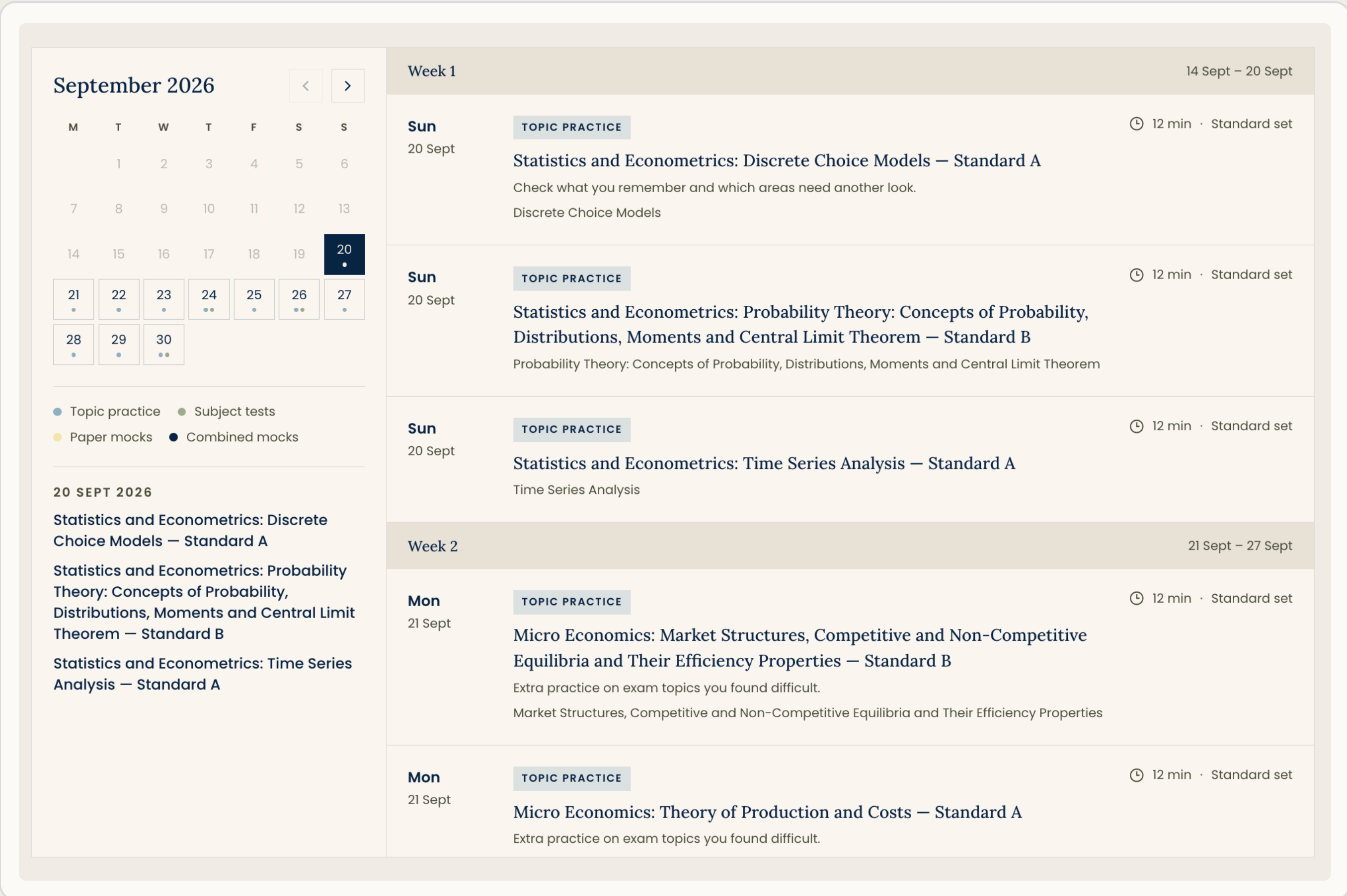
Your result and plan. Readiness, coverage, and the full spread of tests.

> **READINESS WILL LOOK LOW AT FIRST**
>
> It is built from evidence. It climbs as you finish tests and cover more of the syllabus.

STEP 5 · CONTINUED

Open the calendar

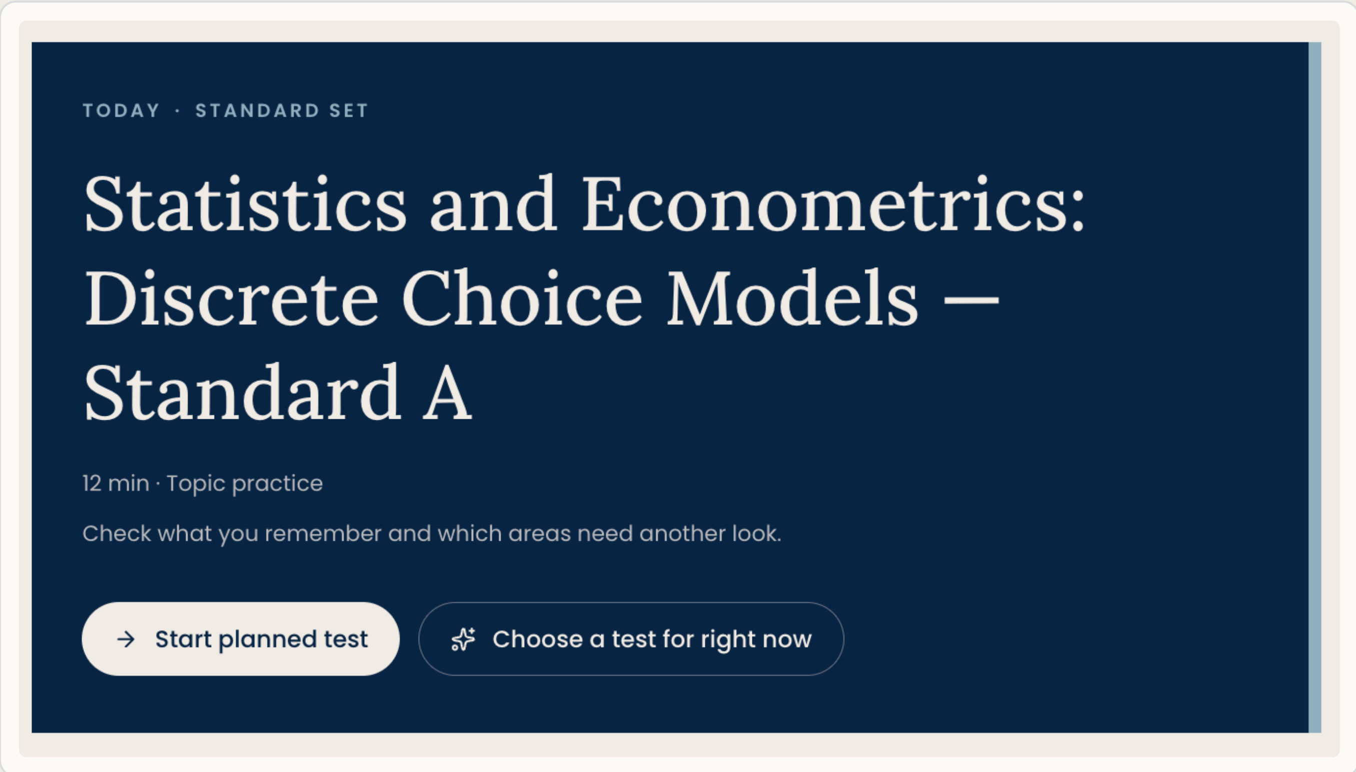
See which test you have, on which day.



Practice calendar. Every test, on its date, week by week.

6 Start practicing

Now just follow the plan. After every test, Xaptiq will tell you which test to take next.



Today's test. Always at the top of your Preparation page.

THE ONLY RULE

Consistency beats intensity. Three short tests across three days do more than six crammed into one Sunday.

THE PART MOST PEOPLE SKIP

After every test

Read the explanation for **every question you got wrong**. Understand why your answer was wrong. This is how your marks will go up.

Q14 × Wrong 0.00 marks Medium ⏱ 0m 2s

Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).

Assertion (A): Deficit spending by the government leads to crowding out effect on private investment.

Reason (R): When the government finances its deficit by borrowing from the market, the bond prices go up and the rate of interest falls.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

A. Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

B. Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A) — Your answer

C. (A) is correct but (R) is not correct — Correct answer

D. (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

Explanation:

Correct answer: C — (A) is correct but (R) is not correct

Deficit-financed public borrowing can raise the demand for loanable funds and interest rates, reducing private investment—the crowding-out effect. The reason reverses the bond-price mechanism: greater bond supply tends to lower bond prices and raise yields, not raise prices and lower rates.

Why the other choices do not work

- **A:** The reason states the bond-price and interest-rate movements in the wrong directions.
- **B:** Government borrowing may crowd out private investment, but the proposed explanation is false: additional bond supply tends to depress bond prices and raise yields.
- **D:** The assertion describes the standard crowding-out channel and is therefore correct.

Takeaway: Crowding out works through upward pressure on interest rates when government borrowing expands.

Question review. The correct answer, the reasoning, and a one-line takeaway.

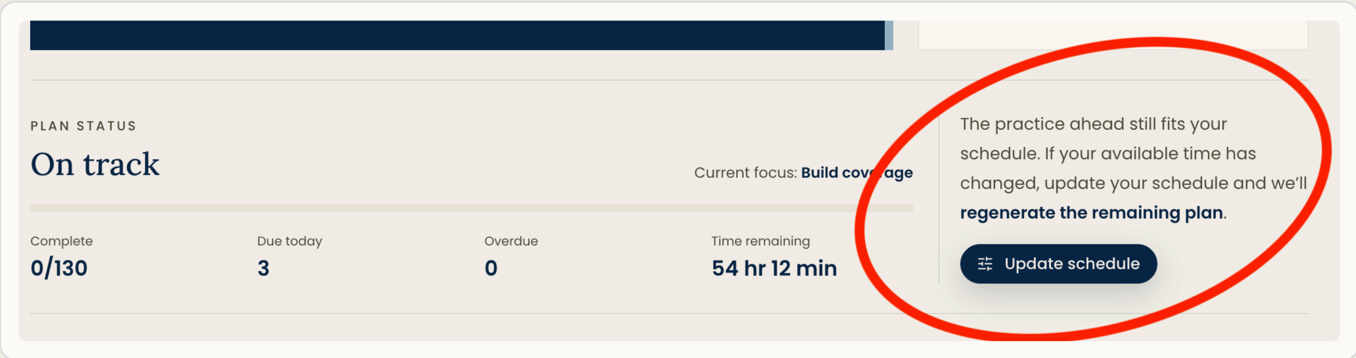
WHY THIS BEATS TAKING ANOTHER TEST

Another test tells you what you do not know. Reading the explanation is what changes it.

THIS HAPPENS TO EVERYONE

If you fall behind

Don't worry. You can regenerate the plan from the **Preparation** page. Xaptiq will fit the remaining tests into the days you have left.



Plan status. Press **Update schedule** to rebuild the remaining plan.

DO THIS EARLY, NOT LATE

Regenerating after three missed days is easy. After three missed weeks, whatever time is left has to carry a heavier plan.

IN SHORT

Three things decide your result

01

Give your real time

An honest schedule produces a plan you finish.

02

Read every wrong answer

This is the single habit that moves marks.

03

Regenerate when you slip

Missed days are normal. Update the schedule and carry on.

Why does my plan look like this?

Xaptiq explains the whole system — why your readiness score differs from your latest test score, how it decides which test to give you next, and what Plan, Progress and Standing each tell you.

How Adaptive Learning works →

Stuck somewhere?

Write to **info@econiti.org** with your registered email address and a screenshot. We will sort it out.